1. Consider the grammar:

\[
E \to E + T \mid T \\
T \to T * F \mid F \\
F \to (E) \mid x
\]

What is in \( I = \text{Closure}\{T \to T \cdot F\}\)?

What is in \( \text{Goto}(I, F)\)?

2. When constructing the parse table using the DFA, how does a terminal option and a nonterminal option from the state differ in the table?